

fédération internationale du béton (*fib*) International federation for structural concrete Case Postale 88, 1015 Lausanne, Switzerland Phone +41 21 693 2747 • Fax +41 21 693 6245 fib@epfl.ch • www.fib-international.org

Corrigendum 1

fib Bulletin 33: Durability of post-tensioning tendons

Please note the following errors in the text of Bulletin 33, "Durability of post-tensioning tendons", which was dispatched to *fib* members in March 2006:

Page 14, Table 1.3:

In the first column of section 4 – Corrosion induced by chlorides from sea water, replace:



Page 14, Table 1.3:

In the first column of section **5** – **Freeze/thaw attack with or without de-icing agents**, add a horizontal line between the first occurrence of "High" and the second occurrence of "Medium", to read as follows:

Medium			
High			
Medium			
High			

For the reader's convenience, a corrected version of page 14 is given on the verso of this page.

fib secretariat June 2006

Aggressivity levels	Class designation	Description of the environment	Informative examples where exposure classes may occur	
3 – Corrosion induced by chlorides other than from sea water				
Medium	XD1	Moderate humidity	Concrete surfaces exposed to airborne chlorides	
	XD2	Wet, rarely dry	Swimming pools Concrete exposed to industrial waters containing chlorides	
High	XD3	Cyclic wet and dry	Parts of bridges exposed to spray containing chlorides Pavements Car park slabs	
	4 – Corrosion induced by chlorides from sea water			
Medium	XS1	Exposed to airborne salt but not in direct contact with sea water	Structures near to or on the coast	
↓ ↓	XS2	Permanently submerged	Parts of marine structures	
High	XS3	Tidal, splash and spray zones	Parts of marine structures	
	5 - Freeze/thaw attack with or without de-icing agents			
Medium	XF1	Moderate water saturation without de- icing agent	Vertical concrete surfaces exposed to rain and freezing	
High	XF2	Moderate water saturation with de-icing agent	Vertical concrete surfaces of road structures exposed to freezing and airborne de-icing agents	
Medium	XF3	High water saturation without de-icing agent	Horizontal concrete surfaces exposed to rain and freezing	
High	XF4	High water saturation with de-icing agent or sea water	Road and bridge decks exposed to de- icing agents Concrete surfaces exposed to direct spray containing de-icing agents and freezing Splash zones of marine structures exposed to freezing	
6 – Chemical attack				
Medium	XA1	Slightly aggressive chemical environment according to table 2 (of EN 206-1)		
	XA2	Moderately aggressive chemical environment according to table 2 (of EN 206-1)		
High	XA3	Highly aggressive chemical environment according to table 2 (of EN 206-1)		

 Table 1.3:
 Aggressivity level and exposure examples as entry points in Table 1.2 (after EN 206-1)

1.4.4 Considerations for selecting the protection layers provided by the structure

For applying the principle of multi-layer protection (see section 1.3.1), reference should be made to the following sections:

- section 1.3.3 Concrete quality and cover;
- section 1.3.4 Waterproofing systems and other surface protection systems;
- section 1.3.5 Drainage system;
- section 1.3.6 Expansion joints;
- section 1.3.7 Cracking;